Ratios and Rates Problems Notes

How can you use ratios and rates to solve problems?

You can use bar diagrams or equations with equivalent ratios to solve ratio and rate problems.



Examples



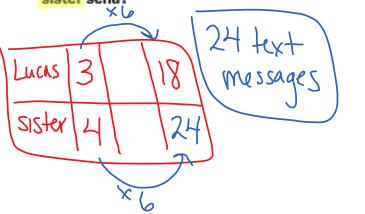
 Heritage Middle School has 150 students. Two out of three students in Mrs. Mason's class prefer gel toothpaste. Use this ratio to predict how many students in the entire middle school prefer gel toothpaste.

Equivalent Ratios

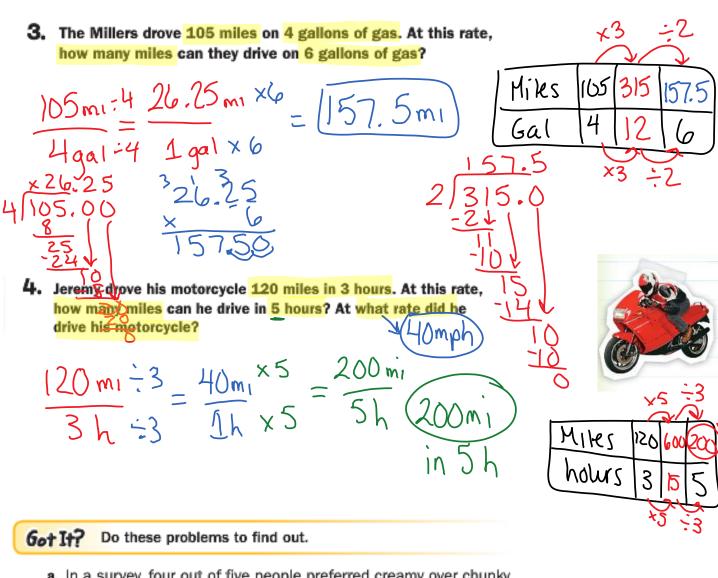
Notice that the numerators of both fractions in Method 2 refer to the number of students who like gel toothpaste. The denominators of both fractions refer to the total number of students being referenced.

Method 1: Ratio Tables	Method 2: Equivalent Fractions	Method 3: Unit Rates
Refer Gel 2 10 (100) Total 3 15 150	Total 3 x50 150	$\frac{2+3}{3+3} = \frac{2}{3}$
100 students most likely prefer get toothpas	100 students most likely prefergel tooth paste.	$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{150}{1} = \frac{300}{3} = 100$ $100 \text{ students most likely prefer get tooth paste.}$

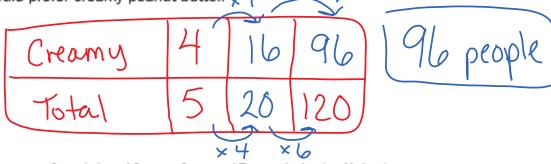
2. The ratio of the number of text messages sent by Lucas to the number of text messages sent by his sister is 3 to 4. Lucas sent 18 text messages. How many text messages did his sister send?



$$\frac{L}{S} \Rightarrow \frac{3 \times 6 \times 18}{4 \times 6 \times 2}$$



a. In a survey, four out of five people preferred creamy over chunky peanut butter. There are 120 people shopping at the grocery store. Use the survey to predict how many people in the store would prefer creamy peanut butter.



b. A survey found that 12 out of every 15 people in the United States prefer eating at a restaurant over cooking at home. If 400 people selected eating at a restaurant on the survey, how many people took the survey? -3 × 100

